

DAEMEN COLLEGE RETIREMENT PLAN

SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

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**DAEMEN COLLEGE RETIREMENT PLAN
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INTRODUCTION TO YOUR PLAN**

Daemen College Retirement Plan ("Plan") has been adopted to provide you with the opportunity to save for retirement on a tax advantaged basis. This Plan is a type of retirement plan known as a 403(b) plan. This Summary Plan Description ("SPD") contains information regarding when you may become eligible to participate in the Plan, your Plan benefits, your distribution options, and many other features of the Plan. You should take the time to read this SPD to understand the features of the Plan.

This SPD addresses the most common questions you might

Matching Contributions

Excluded Employees. If you are a member of a class of employees identified below, you are an Excluded Employee and you are not entitled to participate in the Plan for purposes of matching contributions. The employees who are excluded are:

x

ARTICLE II EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS

What are elective deferrals and how do I contribute them to the Plan?

Elective Deferrals. As a Participant under the Plan, you may elect to reduce your compensation by a specific percentage and have that amount contributed to the Plan as an elective deferral. There are two types of elective deferrals: Pre-Tax Deferrals and Roth Deferrals. For purposes of this SPD, "elective deferrals" generally means both Pre-Tax Deferrals and Roth Deferrals. Regardless of the type of elective deferral you make, the amount you defer is counted as compensation for purposes of Social Security taxes.

Pre-Tax Deferrals. If you elect to make Pre-Tax Deferrals, then your taxable income is reduced by the deferral contributions so you pay less in federal income taxes. Later, when the Plan distributes the deferrals and earnings, you will pay the taxes on those deferrals and the earnings. Therefore, with a Pre-Tax Deferral, federal income taxes on the elective deferral contributions and on the earnings are only postponed. Eventually, you will have to pay taxes on these amounts.

Roth Deferrals. If you elect to make Roth Deferrals, the elective deferrals are subject to federal income taxes in the year of elective deferral. However, the elective deferrals and, in certain cases, the earnings on the elective deferrals are not subject to federal income taxes when distributed to you. In order for the earnings to be tax free, you must meet certain conditions. See "What are my tax consequences when I receive a distribution from the Plan?" below.

You will always be 100% vested in your elective deferrals (see the Article in this SPD entitled "Vesting").

Elective Deferral procedure. The amount you elect to defer will be deducted from your pay in accordance with a procedure established by the Plan Administrator. If you wish to defer, the procedure will require that you enter into a Salary Reduction Agreement. You may elect to defer a portion of your compensation payable on or after your Entry Date. Such election will become effective as soon as administratively feasible after it is received by the Plan Administrator. Your election will generally remain in effect until you modify or terminate it.

Elective Deferral modifications. You may revoke or make modifications to your salary deferral election in accordance with procedures that the Employer provides. See the Plan Administrator for further information.

Elective Deferral Limit. As a Participant, you may elect to defer a percentage of your compensation each year instead of receiving that amount in cash. Your total elective deferrals in any taxable year cannot exceed a dollar limit which is set by law. The limit for 2020 is \$19,500. After 2020, the dollar limit may increase for cost-of-living adjustments. See the paragraph below on Annual dollar limit.

Age 50 Catch-Up Deferrals. If you are at least age 50 or will attain age 50 before the end of a calendar year, then you may elect to defer additional amounts (called Age 50 Catch-Up Deferrals) to the Plan as of the January 1st of that year. You can defer the additional amounts regardless of any other limitations on the amount you can defer to the Plan. The maximum Age 50 Catch-Up Deferrals that you can make in 2020 is \$6,500. After 2020, the maximum might increase for cost-of-living adjustments. Any Age 50 Catch-Up Deferrals that you make will be taken into account in determining any Employer matching contribution made to the Plan.

Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferral. If you have completed at least 15 years of service with the Employer, and the Employer is a "qualified organization," then you may elect to defer additional amounts (called Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferrals) to the Plan which exceed the elective deferral limit. A Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferral increases the elective deferral limit by the lesser of: (1) \$3,000; (2) \$15,000 reduced by all amounts excluded from your gross income for prior taxable years by reason of your prior Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferrals; or (3) the excess of \$5,000 multiplied by the number of years of service with the Employer, over your elective deferrals (including Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferrals, but excluding Age 50 Catch-Up Deferrals) made for prior calendar years. This means that the maximum Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferral you can contribute is \$3,000 in any calendar year. A "qualified organization" is an educational organization, hospital, home health service agency, health and welfare service agency, or a church-related organization. See the Plan Administrator for more information if you think you might qualify for Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferrals. Any Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferrals that you make will be taken into account in determining any Employer matching contribution made to the Plan.

If you qualify for both Age 50 Catch-Up Deferrals and Qualified Organization Catch-Up Deferrals, you may contribute both types of catch-up deferrals; however, your contributions must be applied to the Qualified Organization Catch-up Deferrals before they are applied to the Age-50 Catch-Up Deferrals.

Annual dollar limit. You should also be aware that each separately stated annual dollar limit on the amount you may defer (the annual deferral limit and the "catch-up contribution" limit) is a separate aggregate limit that applies to all such similar salary deferral amounts and "catch-up contributions" you may make under this Plan and any other cash or deferred arrangements (including other tax-sheltered 403(b) annuity contracts, simplified employee pensions or 401(k) plans) in which you may be participating. Generally, if an annual dollar limit is exceeded, then the excess must be returned to you in order to avoid adverse tax consequences. For this reason, it is desirable to request in writing that any such excess salary deferral amounts and "catch-up contributions" be returned to you.

If you are in more than one plan, you must decide which plan or arrangement you would like to return the excess. If you decide that the excess should be distributed from this Plan, you must communicate this in writing to the Plan Administrator no later than the March 1st following the close of the calendar year in which such excess deferrals were made. However, if the entire dollar limit is exceeded in this Plan or any other plan the Employer maintains, then you will be deemed to have notified the Plan Administrator of the excess. The Plan Administrator will then return the excess deferral and any earnings to you by April 15th.

What are rollover contributions?

Rollover contributions. Subject to the provisions of your investment arrangements and at the discretion of the Plan Administrator, if you are a Participant in the Plan, you might be permitted to deposit into the Plan distributions you have received from other plans and certain IRAs. Such a deposit is called a "rollover" contribution and might result in tax savings to you. You may ask the Plan Administrator of the other plan or the trustee or custodian of the IRA to directly transfer (a "direct rollover") to this Plan all or a portion of any amount that you are entitled to receive as a distribution from such plan. Alternatively, you may elect to deposit any amount eligible to be rolled over within 60 days of your receipt of the distribution. You should consult qualified counsel to determine if a rollover is in your best interest.

Rollover account. Your rollover contribution will be accounted for in a "rollover account." You will always be 100% vested in your "rollover account" (see the Article in this SPD entitled "Vesting"). Rollover contributions will be affected by any investment gains or losses. In addition, any Roth deferrals that are accepted as rollovers in this Plan will be accounted for separately.

Withdrawal of rollover contributions. You may withdraw the amounts in your "rollover account" at any time.

ARTICLE III EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

This Article describes Employer contributions that will be made to the Plan and how your share of the contributions is determined.

What is the Employer matching contribution and how is it allocated?

Amounts taken into account. Matching contributions are only based on your pre-tax deferrals and Roth deferrals.

Matching Contribution. Your Employer will make a matching contribution equal to 8% of your compensation provided your elective deferrals equal or exceed 5% of your compensation.

Matching catch-up deferrals. The Plan will include catch-up deferrals in the elective deferral amount used to determine the amount of your matching contribution.

Allocation conditions. You will always share in the matching contribution regardless of the amount of service you complete during the Plan Year.

ARTICLE IV COMPENSATION AND ACCOUNT BALANCE

What compensation is used to determine my Plan benefits?

All Contributions

Definition of compensation. Compensation is defined as your total compensation that is subject to income tax and paid to you by your Employer for the Plan Year.

Adjustments to compensation. Regardless of the definition of compensation, the following adjustments will be made:

- x elective deferrals to this Plan and to any other plan or arrangement (such as a cafeteria plan) will be included.
- x compensation paid while not a Participant in the component of the Plan for which compensation is being used will be excluded.
- x bonuses will be excluded.
- x overtime will be excluded.

Elective Deferrals

Adjustments to compensation. In addition to adjustments to compensation under "All Contributions" above, the following adjustments to compensation will be made for purposes of elective deferrals:

- x compensation paid after you terminate is generally excluded for Plan purposes. However, the following amounts will be included in compensation even though they are paid after you terminate employment, provided these amounts would otherwise have been considered compensation as described above and provided they are paid within 2 1/2 months after you terminate employment, or if later, the last day of the Plan Year in which you terminate employment:
 - x compensation paid for services performed during your regular working hours, or for services outside your regular working hours (such as overtime or shift differential), or other similar payments that would have been made to you had you continued employment.

See "Additional compensation adjustment provisions" below at the end of this question section for special provisions that might apply to compensation adjustments.

Matching Contributions

Adjustments to compensation. In addition to adjustments to compensation under "All Contributions" above, the following adjustments to compensation will be made for purposes of matching contributions:

x compensation paid after you terminate is generally excluded for Plan purposes. However, the following amounts will be included in compensation even though they are paid after you terminate employment, provided these amounts would otherwise have been considered compensation as described above and provided they are paid within 2 1/2 months after you terminate employment, or if later, the last day of the Plan Year in which you terminate employment:

x compensation paid for services performed during your regular working hours, or for services outside your regular working hours (such as overtime or shift differential), or other similar payments that would have been made to you had you continued employment.

See "Additional compensation adjustment provisions" bel

Periodically, you will receive a benefit statement that provides information on your account balance and your investment returns. It is your responsibility to notify the Plan Administrator of any errors you see on any statements within 30 days after the statement is provided or made available to you.

Will Plan expenses be deducted from my account balance?

Expenses allocated to all accounts. Subject to the terms of the investment arrangements funding the plan, the Plan might pay some or all Plan rela

ARTICLE VII

Can the Employer amend the Plan?

Your Employer has the right to amend the Plan at any time. In no event, however, will any amendment authorize or permit any part of

In addition to the claims review procedure above, if your claim is for disability benefits and disability is determined by the Plan Administrator (rather than a third party such as the Social Security Administration), then:

(a) Your claim will be reviewed without deference to the initial adverse benefit determination and the review will be conducted by an appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan who is neither the individual who made the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual.

(b) If the initial adverse benefit determination was based on a medical judgment, including determinations with regard to

- x the views of medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with an adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the benefit determination; or
- x a disability determination made by the Social Security Administration and presented by you to the Plan.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied, then you may file suit in a state or federal court. However, in order to do so, you must file the suit no later than 180 days after the date of the Plan Administrator's final determination denying your claim.

What are my rights as a Plan Participant?

As a Participant in the Plan you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all Plan Participants are entitled to:

- (a) Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, all documents governing the Plan, including collective bargaining agreements and insurance contracts, if any, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- (b) Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including collective bargaining agreements and insurance contracts, if any, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated Summary Plan Description. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- (c) Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each Participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

In addition to creating rights for Plan Participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate your Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan Participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your Employer or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a pension benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

If your claim for a pension benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order or a medical child support order, you may file suit in federal court. You and your beneficiaries can obtain, without charge, a copy of the Plan's QDRO procedures from the Plan Administrator.

If it should happen that the Plan's fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order

Plan Number

The Employer has assigned Plan Number 001 to your Plan.

Plan Effective Dates

This Plan was originally effective on October 1, 1956. The amended and restated provisions of the Plan become effective on January 1, 2010.

Merged plan. Daemen College Tax Deferred Annuity Plan is merged into this Plan effective as of June 30, 2017.

Other Plan Information

Plan Year. The Plan's records are maintained on a twelve-month period of time. This is known as the Plan Year. The Plan Year ends on June 30th.

The Plan will be governed by the laws of the state of the Employer's principal place of business to the extent not governed by federal law.

Benefits provided by the Plan are NOT insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) under Title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 because the insurance provisions under ERISA are not applicable to this type of Plan.

Service of legal process may be made upon the Employer. Service of legal process may also be made upon the Employer's chief executive officer or Plan Administrator.

Employer Information

The Employer's name, address, business telephone number and identification number are:

Daemen College
4380 Main Street
Amherst, New York 14226
716-839-3600
16-0759798

Plan Administrator Information

The Plan Administrator is responsible for the day-to-day administration and operation of the Plan. For example, the Plan Administrator maintains the Plan records, including your account information, provides you with the forms you need .73 -2(p)7(a)7ends

**APPENDIX
PLAN LOAN POLICY**

To the extent permitted by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invested, Daemen College Retirement Plan permits loans to be made to Participants pursuant to a written loan policy. All references to Participants in this loan policy include Participants and their Beneficiaries or any alternate payee with respect to the Plan provided that the borrower must qualify as a "party in interest" as defined by ERISA Section 3(14). All current employees of the Employer and certain former Employees qualify as parties in interest. The Individual Agreements governing the investment options that you selected for your Plan contributions may contain additional limits on when you can take a loan. Please review both the following information in this Loan Policy and your annuity contracts or custodial agreements before requesting a loan. Contact your Employer or the investment vendor if you have questions regarding your loan options.

The Plan Administrator is authorized to administer the Participant loan policy. All applications for loans will be made by a Participant to the Plan Administrator (or the Plan Administrator's delegate) on forms which the Plan Administrator will make available for such purpose.

1. LOAN APPLICATION/BORROWER QUALIFICATION

- x Loans are available to Participants on a reasonably equivalent basis. However, if you terminate employment, you will generally not be entitled to obtain a loan. A Participant must apply for each loan with an application which specifies the amount of the loan desired and the requested duration for the loan. The Plan Administrator may request additional information before approving a loan.
- x All loan applications will be considered by the Plan Administrator within a reasonable time after the Participant makes formal application.
- x The loan will be treated as a directed investment of the borrower's Account.

2. LOAN LIMITATIONS. With regard to any loan made pursuant to this loan policy, the following rule(s) and limitation(s) will apply, in addition to such other requirements set forth in the Plan:

- x Loans to a Participant will not be approved in an amount which exceeds 50% of his or her nonforfeitable account balance. The maximum aggregate dollar amount of loans outstanding to any Participant may not exceed \$50,000, reduced by the excess of the Participant's highest outstanding Participant loan balance during the 12-month period ending on the date of the loan over the Participant's current outstanding Participant loan balance on the date of the loan.

Loans from a TIAA Annuity other than an RPL loan are further limited to:

- (a) 45% of the combined accumulations attributable to the funding vehicle(s) under your retirement plan; or
- (b) 90% of the CREF and TIAA Real Estate accumulation attributable to participation under this Plan for Retirement Loan (RL) loans, or
- (c) 90% of your TIAA Annuity accumulation attributable to participation under this Plan for a Group Supplemental

The interest rate will be fixed for the duration of the loan. However, with respect to amounts invested with TIAA, the interest rate

9. DEFAULT. The Plan Administrator will treat a loan as in default if:

any scheduled payment remains unpaid beyond the last day of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the Participant missed the scheduled payment

Upon default, you will have the opportunity to repay the loan, resume current status of the loan by paying any missed payment plus interest or, if distribution is available under the Plan and investment arrangements, request distribution of the note. If the loan remains in default, the Plan Administrator will offset your vested account balances by the outstanding balance of the loan to the extent permitted by law. The Plan Administrator will treat the note as repaid to the extent of any permissible offset. Pending final disposition of the note, you remain obligated for any unpaid principal and accrued interest.